

Hellenic Gas Transmission System Operator S.A. 357-359 Messogion Av., GR 152 31 Halandri

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TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

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HIGH PRESSURE (HP) TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS

AREA CLASSIFICATION

JUNE 2021

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1 INTRODUCTION

2 SCOPE AND OBJECTIVES

Scope of this Specification is to point out some additional information for determining the sources of hazard for area classification drawings preparation.

Following criteria given below are for area classification determination for plant installation. Where fire and/or explosion hazards may exist.

3 REFERENCES

3.1 Reference Documents

3.2 Reference Codes and Standards

2014/34/EU Equipment Explosive Atmospheres Directive

2014/35/EU Low Voltage Directive

2014/30/EU Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive

MINISTERIAL DECISION 50/12081/642/2006 F A –

GG B / 1222/5.9.2006 Security Home Electrical Installations (E.I.E.). Introduction

of a Differential Current Installation of Construction and

Fundamental Grounding

ELOT EN 1594 E3 Gas Supply Systems. Pipelines for Maximum Operating

Pressure over 16 bar. Functional Requirements

ELOT EN 14161+A1 Petroleum and Natural Gas Industries. Pipeline

Transportation Systems

BS EN 62561-1:2017 Lightning protection system components (LPSC).

Requirements for connection components

BS EN 62561-2:2012 Lightning Protection System Components (LPSC).

Requirements for conductors and earth electrodes



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BS EN 62561-3:2017	Lightning protection system components (LDSC)
D3 EN 02301-3.2017	Lightning protection system components (LPSC). Requirements for isolating spark gaps (ISG)
DC EN 60564 4:0017	
BS EN 62561-4:2017	Lightning protection system components (LPSC).
50 511 66564 5 6645	Requirements for conductor fasteners
BS EN 62561-5:2017	Lightning protection system components (LPSC).
	Requirements for earth electrode inspection housings and
	earth electrode seals
BS EN IEC 62561-6:2018	Lightning protection system components (LPSC).
	Requirements for lightning strike counters (LSC)
BS EN IEC 62561-7:2018	Lightning protection system components (LPSC).
	Requirements for earthing enhancing compounds
ELOT EN IEC 60079-0 E5	Electrical Apparatus for Explosive Gas Atmospheres -
	Part 0: General Requirements
ELOT EN 60079-7 E3	Electrical Apparatus for Explosive Gas Atmospheres -
	Part 7: Increased safety e
ELOT EN 60079-10-1 E2	Electrical Apparatus for Explosive Gas Atmospheres -
	Part 10: Classification of Hazardous Areas
ELOT EN 60099-4 E3	Surge Arresters - Metal Oxide Surge Arresters without
	Gaps for A.C. Systems
ELOT EN IEC 60099-5 E3	Surge Arresters - Selection & Application
	Recommendations
ELOT EN 62305-1 E2	Protection against Lightning, Part 1: General Principles
ELOT EN 62305-2 E2	Protection against Lightning, Part 2: Risk Management
ELOT EN 62305-3 E3	Protection against Lightning, Physical Damage to
	Structures and Life Hazard
ELOT EN 62305-4 E4	Protection against Lightning, Part 4: Electrical and
	Electronic Systems within Structures
ELOT EN ISO 9001 E4	Quality Management Systems
ELOT EN ISO/IEC 17025 E3	General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and
	Calibration Laboratories
ELOT HD 384	Requirements for Electrical Installations
	Negarioriorio for Electrical Installations



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ELOT HD 60364	Electrical Installations of Buildings
EN 61000	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)
EN 61643-11	Low Voltage Surge Protective Devices - Part 11: SPDs
	Connected to Low Voltage Power Distribution Systems -
	Performance Requirements and Testing Methods
EN 61643-21	Low Voltage Surge Protective Devices – Part 22: SPDs
	Connected to Telecommunication and Signaling Networks
	Performance Requirements and Testing Methods
IEC 60664	Insulation Coordination for Equipment within Low-Voltage
	Systems
IEC 61643-12	Low Voltage Surge Protective Devices – Part 12: SPDs
	Connected to Low Voltage Power Distribution Systems –
	Selection and Application Principles
IEC 61643-22	Low Voltage Surge Protective Devices – Part 22: SPDs
	Connected to Telecommunication and Signaling Networks
	Selection and Application Principles
IEC 62548	Design Requirements for Photovoltaic (PV) Arrays
IEC 62561-1	Lightning Protection Components (LPC), Part 1:
	Requirements for Connection Components
IEC 62561-2	Lightning Protection Components (LPC), Part 2:
	Requirements for Conductors and Earth Electrodes
IEC 62561-3	Lightning Protection Components (LPC), Part 3:
	Requirements for Isolating Spark Gaps
IEC 62561-4	Lightning Protection Components (LPC), Part 4:
	Requirements for Conductor Fasteners
IEC 62561-5	Lightning Protection Components (LPC), Part 5:
	Requirements for Earth Electrode Inspection Housings
	and Earth Electrode Seals
IEC 62561-6	Lightning Protection Components (LPC), Part 6:
	Requirements for Lightning Strike Counters



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IEC 62561-7 Lightning Protection Components (LPC), Part 7:

Requirements for Earthing Enhancing Compounds

ELOT EN 60071-1 Insulation Coordination – Definitions, Principles & Rules

ELOT EN 60071-2 Insulation Coordination – Application Guide

EN 60664-1 Insulation Coordination for equipment within Low Voltage

Systems

IEC 61643-11 Low-voltage surge protective devices - Part 11: Surge

protective devices connected to low-voltage power

distribution systems - Requirements and tests

4 ACRONYMS

AC Alternating Current

API American Petroleum Institute

ASME American Society of Mechanical Engineers

ATEX ATmosphères EXplosibles (Explosive Atmospheres)

ATS Automatic Transfer System

BMS Building Management System

BVS Block Valve Station

BCC Back-up Control Centre at Nea Messimvria

CCTV Closed Circuit Television System
CPR Construction Products Regulation

CP Cathodic Protection
CPU Central Processor Unit
CS Compressor Station
DB Distribution Board
DC Direct current

DCS Distributed Control System

DEG Detailed Engineering

DIN Deutsches Institut für Normung (German Institute of

Standardization)

DVA Digital Voice Announcer



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DVD Digital Video Disc

EDG Emergency Diesel Generator

ELOT Hellenic Organization for Standardization

ELV Extra Low Voltage (nominal voltage not exceeding 50 V AC or

120 V DC (ripple-free) between conductors or to earth, as defined

by the Standard EN 61558)

EN European Norms

EPC Engineering, Procurement and Construction

EU European Union

ESD Emergency Shut Down

F&G Fire and Gas

FACP Fire Alarm Central Control Panel
FARP Fire Alarm Repeater Control Panel

FAT Factory Acceptance Test

FEG Field Engineering
FC Floe Computer

FOC Fibre Optic Cable

GCC Gas Control Centre at Patima

HEDNO Hellenic Electricity Distribution Network Operator

HDPE High Density Polyethylene
HMI Human Machine Interface

HVAC Heating Ventilation Air Conditioning

I/O Input / Output

IEC International Electrotechnical Commission
ISO International Organization for Standarization

ITU International Telecommunication Union

LAN Local Area Network
LCS Local Control System
LED Light Emitting Diode

LFEP Local Fire Detection & Fire Extinguishing Panel

LV Low Voltage



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LSP Load Share Panel

MSC/MCS/SMC Main Station Controller

MV Medium Voltage

MPS Master Project Schedule
MPR Monthly Progress Report

NFPA National Fire Protection Association

NNGTS National Natural Gas Transmission System

NTSC National Television System Committee

O&M Operation and Maintenance

PID Piping and Instrumentation Diagram

PA/GA Public Address / General Alarm

PCS Process Control System

PED Pressure Equipment Directive

PEP Project Execution Plan
PFD Process Flow Diagram

PLC Programmable Logic Controller

PMS Power Management System
POC Project Organization Chart

PAL Phase Alternate Line

PPC Public Power Corporation

PTZ Pan, Tilt, Zoom

PVC Poly Vinyl Chloride
QA Quality Assurance

RCC Remote Communications and Controls

RFI Radio Frequency Interference

RTD Resistance Temperature Detectors

RTU Remote terminal Unit

S/S Scraper Station

SAT Site Acceptance Test

SCADA Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (including Telemetry)

SCS Station Control System



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SFP Small Form-factor Pluggable

SPD Surge Protection Device

SPL Sound Pressure Level

UDP User Datagram Protocol

UPS Uninterruptible Power Supply

UV Ultraviolet

VGA Video Graphics Array

VMS Video Management Software

5 GENERAL

The area classification shall be done by checking the existence and location in the plant of any source of hazard, and taking into consideration the characteristics of the substances involved and giving rise to different degree of hazard. General information for area classification is given in the General Electrical Specification, which has to be considered also for the selection of the type of equipment and relevant enclosures to be used in classified hazardous locations.

5.1 Standards

The classification of hazardous locations shall be done in accordance with ELOT EN 60079-10.

5.2 Area Classification Drawings

The classification of hazardous locations shall be represented on particular drawing where type and extension of such classified locations shall be shown. The drawings shall be self-explanatory, with notes specifying at least:

- · type of substances giving rise to the classification,
- equipment to be used in the classified hazardous locations.



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6 LOCATION OF SOURCES OF HAZARD

The following guide lines have been prepared to give assistance in order to define which items of plant should normally be considered source of hazard, and which should not. The assessment must be always considering the particular circumstances of each individual situation.

Uniformity criteria shall be adopted in the interpretation and application of mentioned standards. In this analysis one has not to assure that the whole plant is a hazardous environment. Certain items, by the nature of safety factors in design and by control and inspection in manufacturing and maintenance are practically free from fail (e.g. the shell of a pressure vessel). On the other hand, items as drain cocks, vents and pump glands, are obviously points at which flammable material can be released from a closed system. It is specifically from such points that the hazardous areas and the safety distance should be measured.

Plant items have to be divided into groups, depending on whether they would normally be regarded as hazardous or not. Items have to be regarded as source of hazard if they release gases, vapors or substances which vaporize on release.

6.1 Typical Sources of Hazard to Be Considered for Area Classification

Machines, equipment, or their parts for production and processing of dangerous substances which can be released into the atmosphere in normal and abnormal operating conditions have to be generally considered as source of hazard. The items listed here below will be particularly taken into account:

- pump glands and shaft glands on rotating or reciprocating shafts of rotary filters, contactors, mixers, and other machines. (In centrifugal, reciprocating and rotary compressors the glands are the main hazard, but other sources of hazard should be regarded as the compressor casing and in some cases, parts of the gland sealing system),
- the drain rims around the pump pad,
- · cooling water effluent systems from hydrocarbon service,
- vents of safety valves and rupture disk when non-conveyed to flare or gas meter,



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- drain connection used in process operation and permitting release of flammable vapour to atmosphere,
- · sample points,
- vents to atmosphere,
- motorized valves,
- some types of stream analyzers,
- · drum and container filling plant
- fixed roof storage tanks, including water draw- off arrangements,
- floating roof storage tanks including water draw-off arrangements.

Whether any particular hazardous area is zone 1 or zone 2, it will depend on whether the hazard can normally be expected to be present or whether it is unlikely to be present as noted in ELOT EN 60079-10.

7 PROCESS AREA

The above ground exposed parts of the natural gas line valve stations, scrapper stations and mixing station are considered as process areas. In the process area there is usually sufficient combination of sources of hazard that extension of relevant classified locations overlaps and produce an unbroken classified environment. The theoretical existence of small pockets of safe locations is not realistic and should be avoided.

ELOT EN 60079-10 shall be used to define the hazardous area.

Pits shall be classified as zone 1 up to the earth surface and they shall generate a zone 2 classification extended horizontally up to a distance of 3 m from the side of the trap and vertically from a ground to an elevation of 3.0 m above the trap cover, as per ELOT EN 60079-10.